

Number of variables →

$n = 1$

$n = 2$

$n \geq 3$

$n \gg 1$

Continuum

Linear

Nonlinearity ↓

Growth, decay, or equilibrium

Exponential growth
RC circuit
Radioactive decay

Oscillations

Linear oscillator
Mass and spring
RLC circuit
2-body problem (Kepler, Newton)

Collective phenomena

Coupled harmonic oscillators
Solid-state physics
Molecular dynamics
Equilibrium statistical mechanics

Waves and patterns

Elasticity
Wave equations
Electromagnetism (Maxwell)
Quantum mechanics (Schrödinger, Heisenberg, Dirac)
Heat and diffusion
Acoustics
Viscous fluids

The frontier

Chaos

Strange attractors (Lorenz)
3-body problem (Poincaré)
Chemical kinetics
Iterated maps (Feigenbaum)
Fractals (Mandelbrot)
Forced nonlinear oscillators (Levinson, Smale)

Practical uses of chaos
Quantum chaos ?

Coupled nonlinear oscillators
Lasers, nonlinear optics
Nonequilibrium statistical mechanics
Nonlinear solid-state physics (semiconductors)
Josephson arrays
Heart cell synchronization
Neural networks
Immune system
Ecosystems
Economics

Spatio-temporal complexity

Nonlinear waves (shocks, solitons)
Plasmas
Earthquakes
General relativity (Einstein)
Quantum field theory
Reaction-diffusion, biological and chemical waves
Fibrillation
Epilepsy
Turbulent fluids (Navier-Stokes)
Life

Fixed points
Bifurcations
Overdamped systems, relaxational dynamics
Logistic equation for single species

Pendulum
Anharmonic oscillators
Limit cycles
Biological oscillators (neurons, heart cells)
Predator-prey cycles
Nonlinear electronics (van der Pol, Josephson)

Nonlinear